

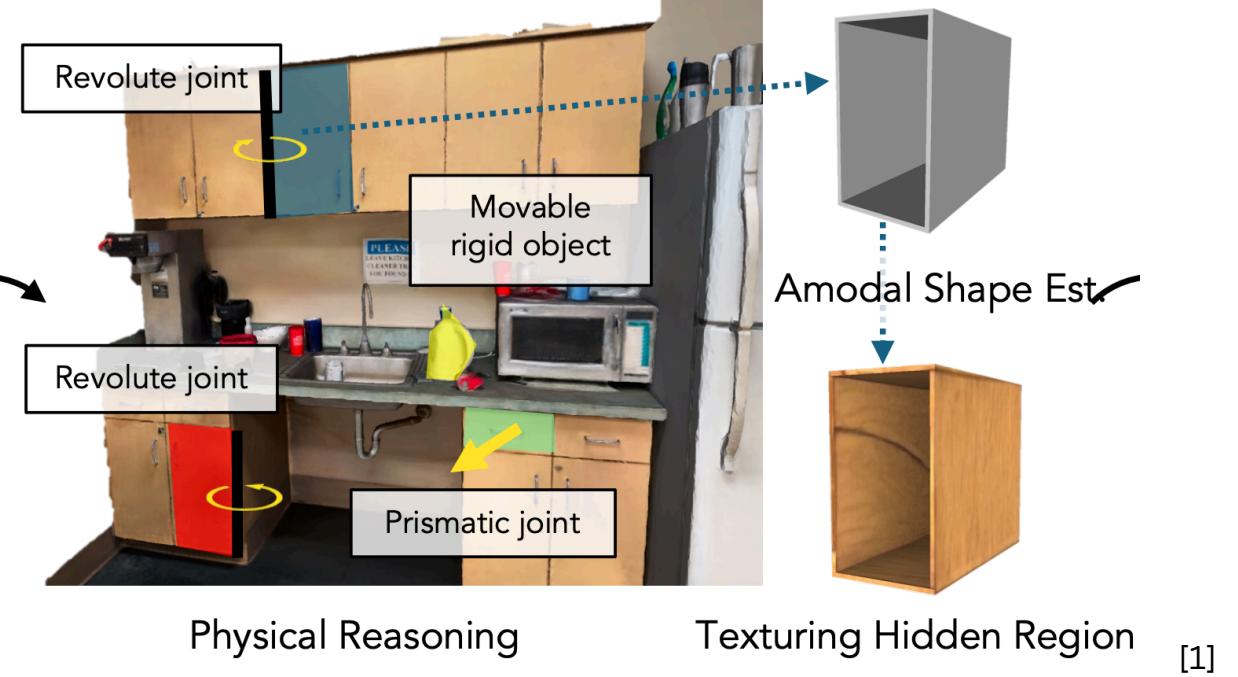
Real2Code2Real: Articulated Full-Scene Reconstruction with 3D Asset Generation

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Introduction

Prior 3D reconstruction methods like NeRFs and Gaussian splatting generate visually accurate but physically inconsistent meshes. Furthermore, prior real-to-sim pipelines struggle to scale to articulated scenes and often require manual processing.

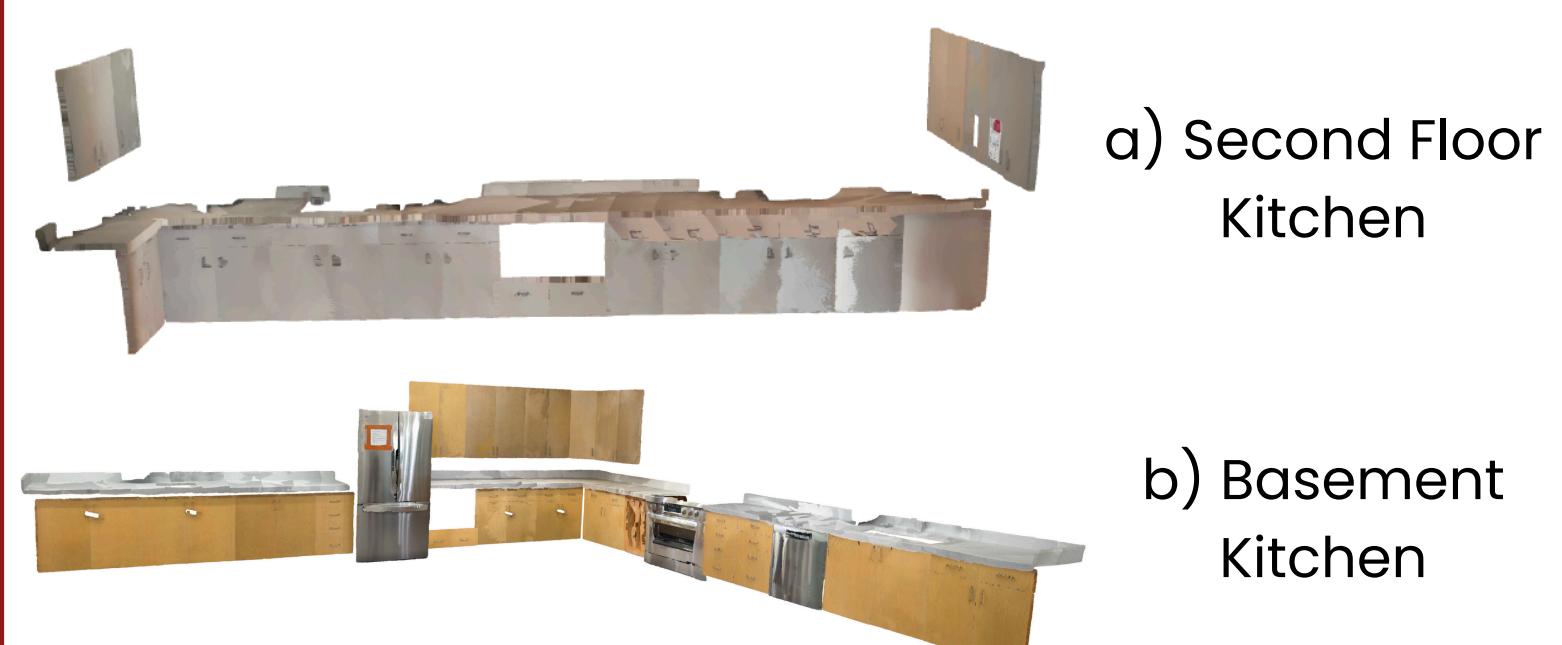


Goal: Reconstruct cluttered, occluded scenes (e.g., kitchens) with physically consistent object geometry and joint articulation using only a RGBD scan and sparse prompts for downstream robotics applications.

Key Insight: Leverage new 3D generative models for realistic object generation and packages for asset heuristics, improving scalability, autonomy, and fidelity over prior pipelines.

[1] Xia, Hongchi, et al. "Drawer: Digital Reconstruction and Articulation with Environment Realism." 2025 IEEE/CVF Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition (CVPR), 10 June 2025, pp. 21771-21782, <https://doi.org/10.1109/cvpr52734.2025.02028>.

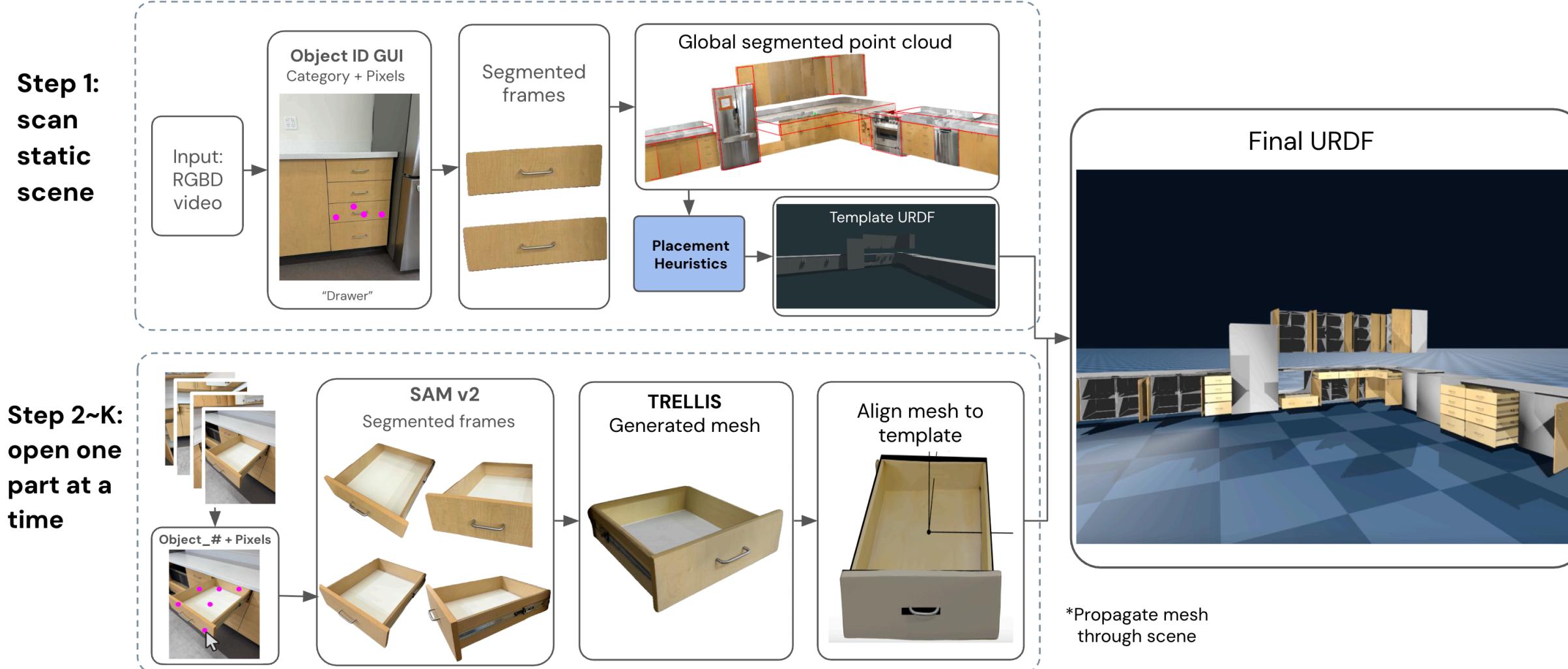
Data



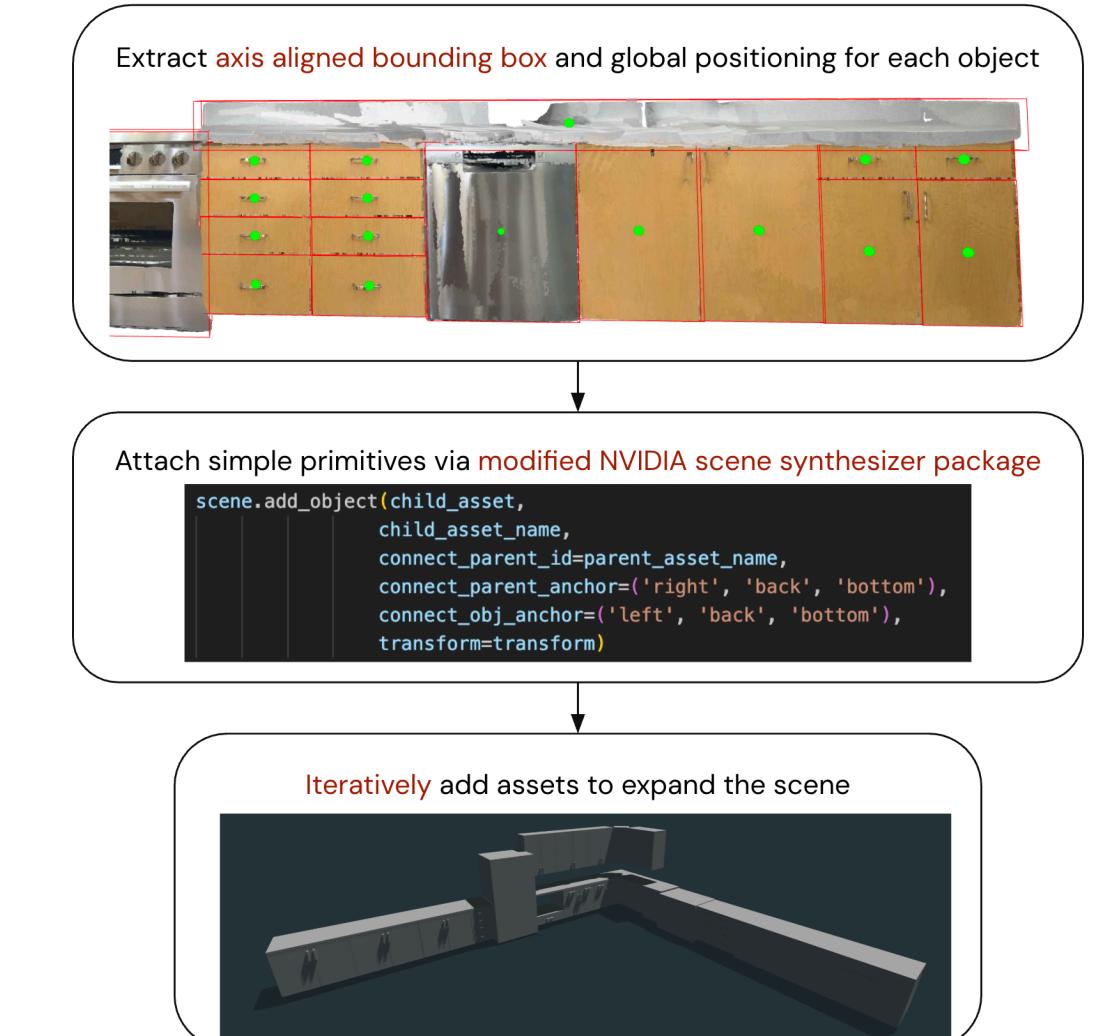
- Scanned RGBD dataset of 2 unique kitchen scenes (Packard second floor and Packard basement), totaling 90 articulated objects like drawers, cabinets, fridges, and ovens.
- Collected using Record3D on an iPhone 15 Pro with LiDAR; RGB at 1920x1440 and interpolated depth at 256x192.

Generation Pipeline

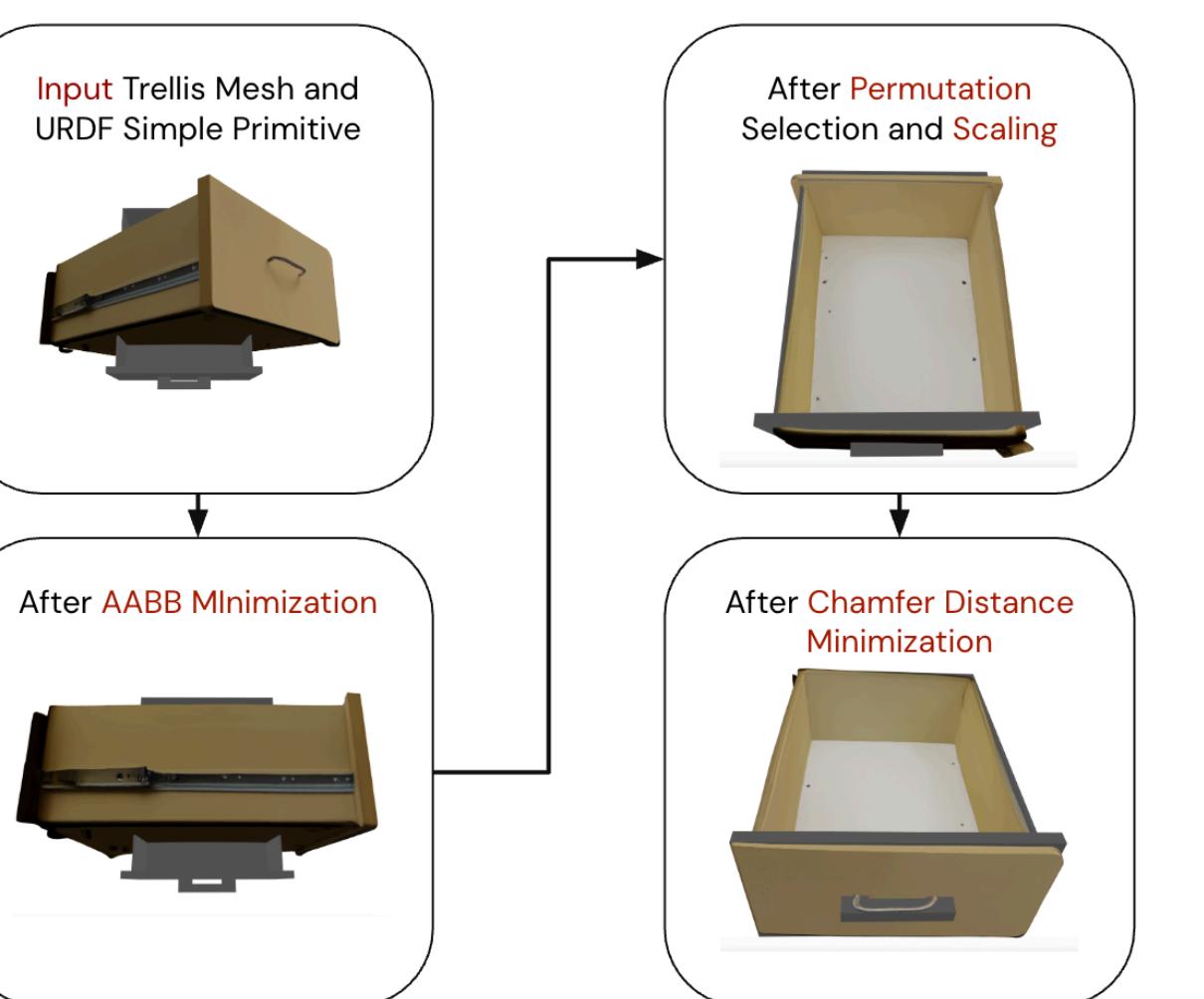
Pipeline Overview



Placement Heuristics



Mesh Alignment To Primitive Geometry Process



Metrics

Method

Raw Mesh: Aspect Ratio Error
Final Mesh: \mathcal{L}_2 Dim Error (cm)

Cabinet A Cabinet B Drawer A Drawer B

0.058 0.225 0.055 0.055
4.24 3.32 4.12 4.58

Method

Raw Mesh: Aspect Ratio Error
Final Mesh: \mathcal{L}_2 Dim Error (cm)

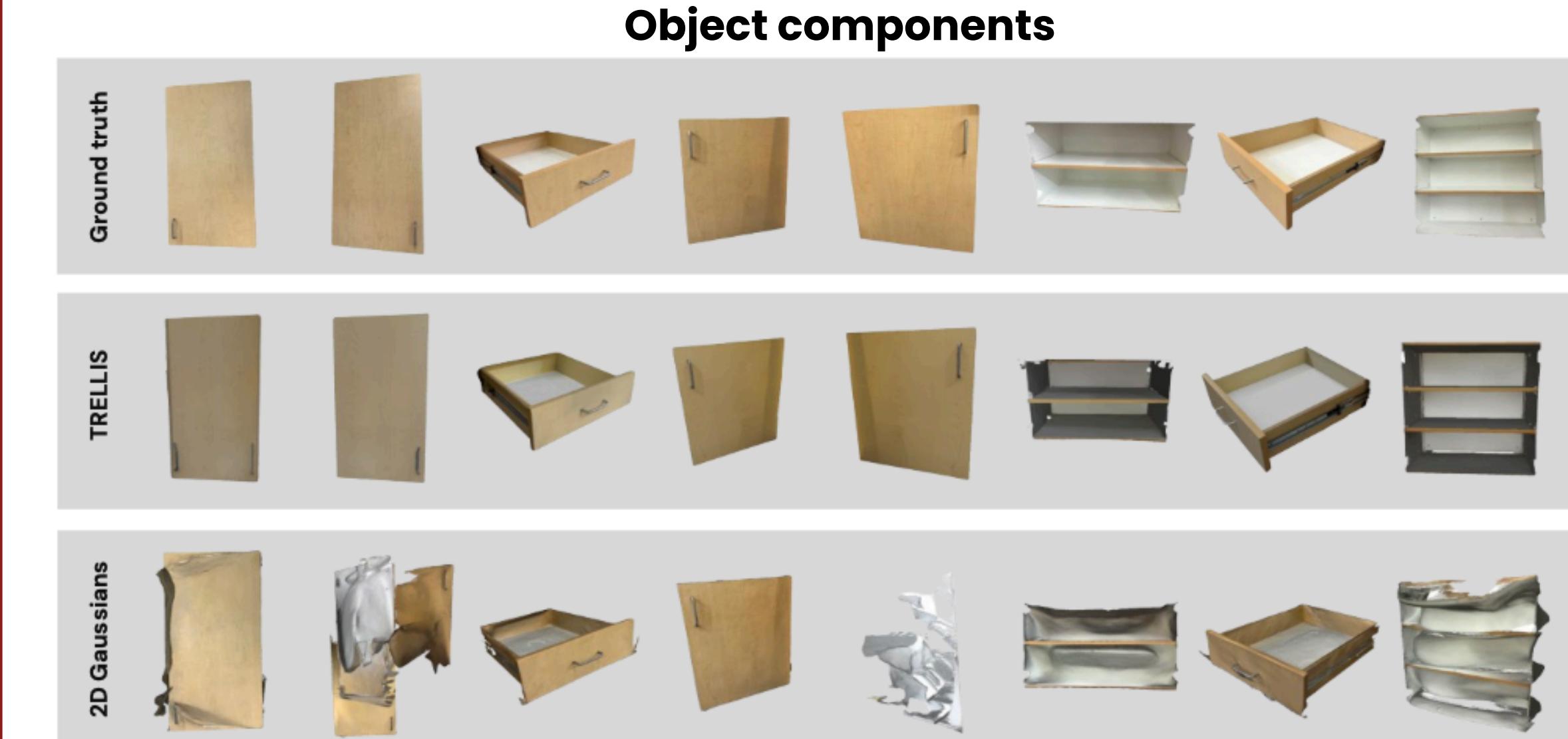
Drawer C Drawer D Drawer E Refrigerator

0.030 0.032 0.013 0.131
3.00 3.16 3.00 6.16

Table 1: Comparison of mesh errors across different assets.

$$\text{AR-Err}_{2D} = \left| \ln \left(\frac{\hat{w}/\hat{h}}{w/h} \right) \right|; \text{L2 DimErr}_{3D} = \sqrt{(\hat{w} - w)^2 + (\hat{h} - h)^2 + (\hat{d} - d)^2}$$

Results: Generated Scenes



- Our (TRELЛИS) meshes are water-tight and smooth; allows for simulations
 - Rendering techniques (2D Gaussians) have holes, noise around edges

Articulated Scenes



Future Work

- Develop augmentation heuristics on base URDF while maintaining structure
 - Randomize rotations, translations, and mesh scalings
- Show simulation robot validation on augmented scenes against ground truth
- Also scan more scenes!